

## Introduction to Deep Learning (I2DL)

Exercise 4: Simple Classifier

#### Today's Outline

- The Pillars of Deep Learning
- Exercise 4: Simple Classifier → Binary Prediction
  - Housing Dataset
  - Training loop: Forward & Backward pass
- Backpropagation

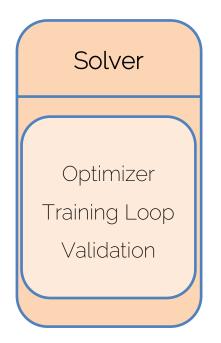


## The Pillars of Deep Learning

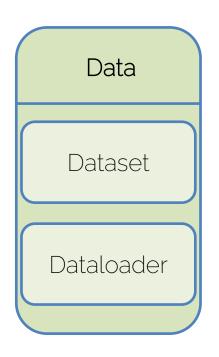
#### The Pillars of Deep Learning

Data Dataset Dataloader

Model Network Loss/Objective



#### The Pillars of Deep Learning



Exercise 3: Dataset and Dataloader

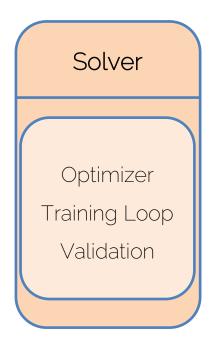
#### The Pillars of Deep Learning

Exercise 4: Simple Classifier

Exercise 5: Simple Network

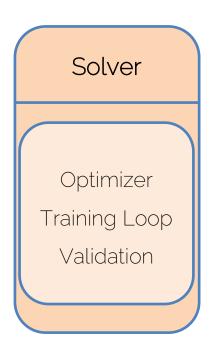
Exercise 6: Hyperparameter Tuning

Model Network Loss/Objective



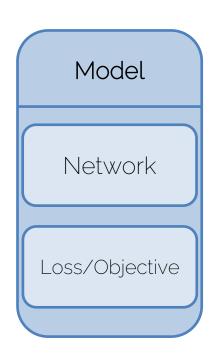
#### Goal: Exercise 4

- Goal: Training process
- Skip: Model Pillar
- Simplified Model: Classifier which is a 1-Layer Neural Network



#### Goals: Exercises 5++

- Ex 3 + 4: Dataloading and Trainings process
- Ex 5++: Expand the exercises to more interesting model architectures





## Exercise 4: Simple Classifier

#### Housing Dataset

- Housing Dataset: Data of ~1400 houses including 81 features like Neighborhood, GrLivArea, YearBuilt, etc.
- Simplified model: 1 input feature to predict house price label ("expensive" vs "low-prized")

#### housing\_train

| ld | Neighborhood | BldgType | HouseStyle | YearBuilt | YearRemodAdd | RoofStyle | CentralAir | GrLivArea | FullBath | HalfBath | Fireplaces | PoolArea | Fence | SalePrice |
|----|--------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|-------|-----------|
| 1  | CollgCr      | 1Fam     | 2Story     | 2003      | 2003         | Gable     | Υ          | 1710      | 2        | 1        | 0          | 0        | NA    | 208500    |
| 2  | Veenker      | 1Fam     | 1Story     | 1976      | 1976         | Gable     | Υ          | 1262      | 2        | 0        | 1          | 0        | NA    | 181500    |
| 3  | CollgCr      | 1Fam     | 2Story     | 2001      | 2002         | Gable     | Υ          | 1786      | 2        | 1        | 1          | 0        | NA    | 223500    |
| 4  | Crawfor      | 1Fam     | 2Story     | 1915      | 1970         | Gable     | Υ          | 1717      | 1        | 0        | 1          | 0        | NA    | 140000    |
| 5  | NoRidge      | 1Fam     | 2Story     | 2000      | 2000         | Gable     | Υ          | 2198      | 2        | 1        | 1          | 0        | NA    | 250000    |
| 6  | Mitchel      | 1Fam     | 1.5Fin     | 1993      | 1995         | Gable     | Υ          | 1362      | 1        | 1        | 0          | 0        | MnPrv | 143000    |
| 7  | Somerst      | 1Fam     | 1Story     | 2004      | 2005         | Gable     | Υ          | 1694      | 2        | 0        | 1          | 0        | NA    | 307000    |
| 8  | NWAmes       | 1Fam     | 2Story     | 1973      | 1973         | Gable     | Υ          | 2090      | 2        | 1        | 2          | 0        | NA    | 200000    |

#### Exercise 4 - Classifying House Prices



 $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{ML}\,\mathsf{Model}\,M\\ M(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{y} \end{array}$ 

Expensive y = 1



 $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{ML}\,\mathsf{Model}\,M\\ M(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{y} \end{array}$ 

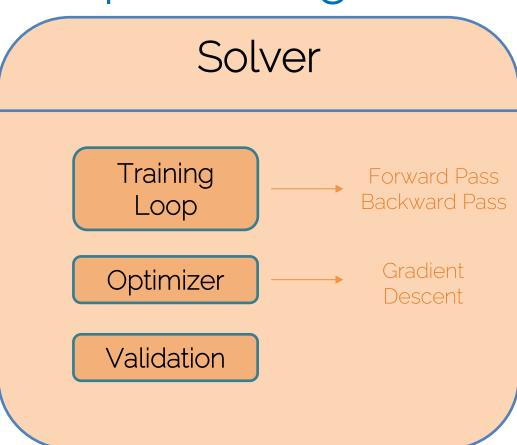
Low-priced y = 0

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### 3<sup>rd</sup> Pillar of Deep Learning

Model Data **Training** Training Model Loop Data Optimizer **Validation** Loss **Function** Data Validation Very simple

model



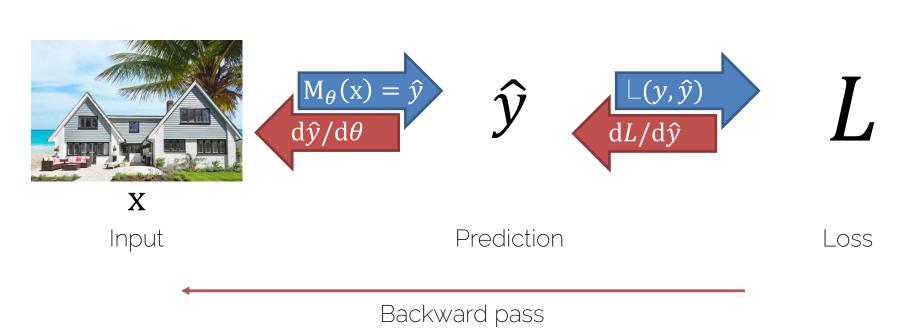


## Backpropagation

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#### Backpropagation: Overview

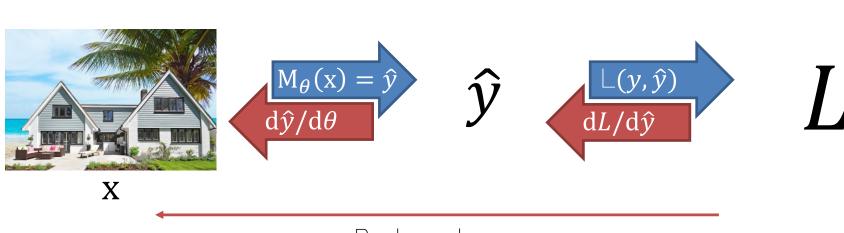
Forward pass



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#### Backpropagation: Loss Function

Forward pass



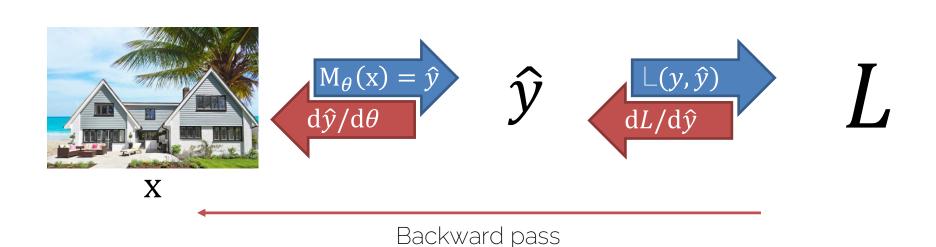
Backward pass

Binary Cross Entropy Loss:  $L(y,\hat{y}) = -(y \cdot \log(\hat{y}) + (1-y) \cdot \log(1-\hat{y}))$ 

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#### Backpropagation: Update Step

Forward pass

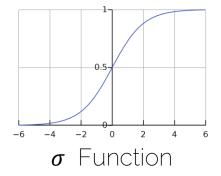


Optimization with gradient descent:  $\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t - \lambda \cdot \nabla_{\theta} \mathbf{L}$ 

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#### Backpropagation: Summary

- Input:  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D + 1}$  representing our data with N samples and D+1 feature dimensions
- Output: Binary labels given by  $y \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times 1}$
- Model: Classifier of the form  $y = \sigma(X \cdot w)$
- Sigmoid function:  $\sigma:\mathbb{R} \to [0,1]$  with  $\sigma(t)=\frac{1}{1+e^{-t}}$



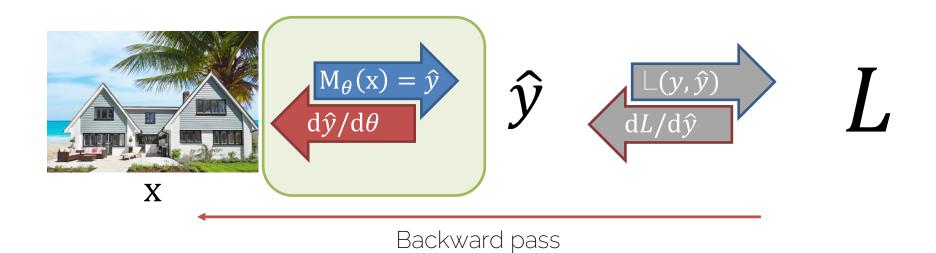
• Weights of the Classifier:  $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{D+1}) \top \in \mathbb{R}^{D+1}$ 



# Backpropagation: Example

#### Backpropagation

Forward pass

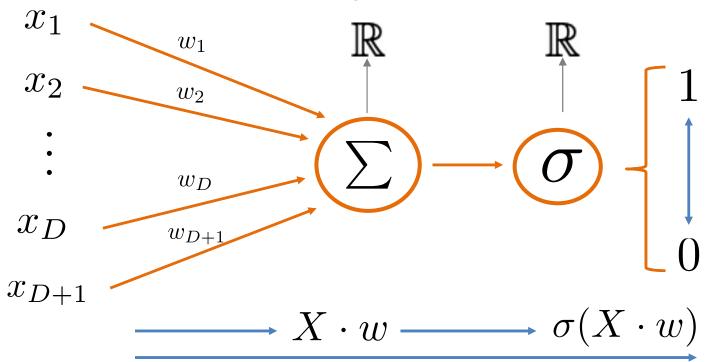


Sample  $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{D+1})$ 

#### Forward Pass

Classifier Model  $y = \sigma(X \cdot w)$ 

(Single sample)



#### Input Data X

(Single sample -> N samples)

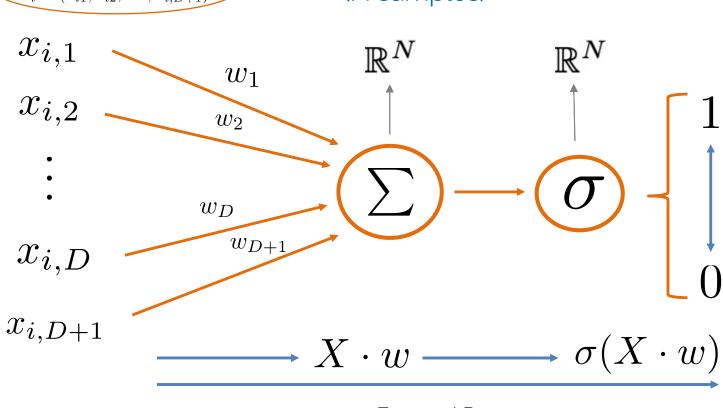
$$X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D + 1}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{1,1} & x_{1,2} & \dots & x_{1,D+1} \\ x_{2,1} & x_{2,2} & \dots & x_{2,D+1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{N,1} & x_{N,2} & \dots & x_{N,D+1} \end{pmatrix}$$

#### Forward Pass

Sample  $x_i = (x_{i1}, x_{i2}, \dots, x_{i,D+1})$ 

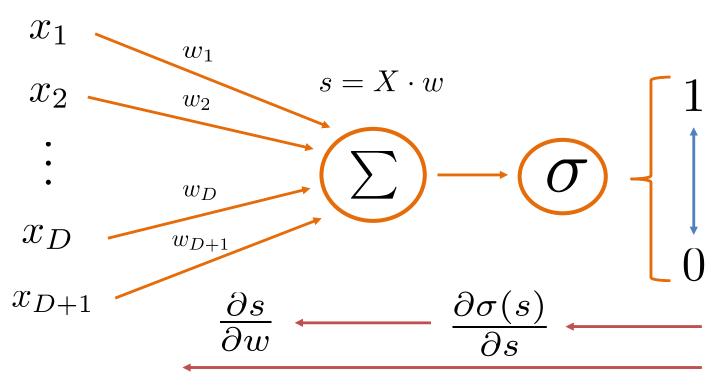
(N samples)



Forward Pass

#### **Backward Pass**

Sample  $x=(x_1,x_2,\ldots,x_{D+1})$ 



Backward Pass

#### **Backward Pass**

- Backward Pass: Derivative of function with respect to weights  $w=(w_1,w_2,\ldots,w_{D+1})$  of our Classifier
- Attention: Make sure you understand the dimensions here
- Step 1: Forward + Backward Pass for one sample
- Step 2: Forward + Backward Pass for N samples

#### Overview Exercise 4

- Two Notebooks
  - Optional: Preprocessing
  - Logistic regression model

- Submission
  - Several implementation tasks in the notebook
  - Submission file creation in Notebook



### See you next week ©

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